April 25, 2022

The Honorable Rosa DeLauro Chair House Appropriations Subcommittee on Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, and Related Agencies Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Patty Murray Chair Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, and Related Agencies Washington, DC 20510 The Honorable Tom Cole Ranking Member House Appropriations Subcommittee on Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, and Related Agencies Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Roy Blunt Ranking Member Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, and Related Agencies Washington, DC 20510

Dear Chairwomen DeLauro and Murray and Ranking Members Cole and Blunt:

The undersigned public health, environmental health and other supporting organizations write to you to express our support for increased funding for the Center for Disease Control and Prevention's National Center for Environmental Health in the FY 2023 Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations bill.

As Congress moves forward with the appropriations process for FY 2023, we urge you to provide at least \$401.85 million to NCEH to ensure all if its programs are adequately funded. This funding will help ensure the center can work to strengthen and expand its programs including:

- Improving environmental health surveillance by expanding the National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network to a true nationwide network. Current funding only allows the program to provide funding to 26 state and local health departments.
- Expanding critically underfunded childhood lead poisoning prevention activities by increasing funding for CDC's Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Program which will allow CDC to provide grants to all 50 states and currently funded localities for surveillance to determine the extent of childhood lead poisoning, as well as educate the public and health care providers about lead poisoning, and ensure that lead-exposed children received needed medical and environmental follow-up services.
- Expanding the National Biomonitoring Network by providing additional resources to increase the number of states that can undertake state population-based biomonitoring surveillance. Communities continue to express concern about exposure to chemicals in our everyday lives and during environmental emergencies, yet we are often unable to provide data about these exposures at the state and local level.

- Strengthening and expanding funding to additional states under the National Asthma Control Program that tracks asthma prevalence, promotes asthma control and prevention and builds capacity in state programs. It is estimated that almost 25 million Americans currently have asthma, including nearly 6 million children. The program has been highly effective: the rate of asthma has increased, yet asthma mortality and morbidity rates have decreased.
- Expanding the Climate and Health Program which is currently providing 16 states and two cities with funding to help diagnose and prepare for the serious adverse health impacts of climate change including extreme heat, more severe storms, floods, droughts, increases in air pollution and pollen and the spread of infectious and vector-borne diseases such as Lyme disease and dengue fever. Increased funding will allow CDC to implement a 50 state program, provide support to additional tribes, territories, cities and counties and help to identify which interventions most effectively protect the public from the negative health effects of climate change.
- Supporting CDC and health departments to conduct cancer studies across the nation using CDC's guidelines. Increased funding at NCEH will also support and expand laboratory studies into the human health impacts of exposure to hazardous substances and expand our understanding of which exposures may cause or contribute to the development of different cancers in the population.

Increasing our investments in environmental health prevention activities today will help reduce illness, disease, injury, health disparities and even death. Relying solely on our health care system to tackle the dangerous problems – dirty air and water, toxic substances, lead poisoning, climate change and extreme weather and many other environmental hazards – that occur outside the walls of the clinic is a costly and ineffective solution. However, adequate investments today and into the future in core environmental health activities can be a critical down payment on health, productivity and happiness of countless Americans. We thank you for considering this recommendation and we look forward to working with you as you move forward with the FY 2023 appropriations process.

Please contact Don Hoppert at <u>donald.hoppert@apha.org</u> or 202-777-2514 with any questions regarding our request.

Sincerely,

Allergy & Asthma Network Alliance of Nurses for Healthy Environments American Academy of Pediatrics American College of Clinical Pharmacy American Lung Association American Psychological Association American Public Health Association American Thoracic Society Association of Public Health Laboratories Association of State and Territorial Health Officials Asthma and Allergy Foundation of America Big Cities Health Coalition Children's Environmental Health Network **Common Threads** Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists Green & Healthy Homes Initiative Health Care Without Harm March of Dimes Medical Students for a Sustainable Future National Association of County and City Health Officials National Association of Pediatric Nurse Practitioners National Environmental Health Association National League for Nursing National Network of Public Health Institutes RiverStone Health The Society of Thoracic Surgeons Trust for America's Health