



December 2, 2024

Dear Senator/Representative:

With proposals to reform energy permitting processes under discussion, the undersigned health organizations write to share concerns over potential public health impacts. Our organizations support a transition to renewable, non-combustion energy sources and recognize the importance of ensuring that clean energy can be deployed in an efficient way. We are concerned, however, that some of the policies under discussion would have harmful long-term public health impacts and hinder public participation.

Dependence on fossil fuels has worsened air quality and intensified climate change. Burning fossil fuels emits particle pollution, nitrogen oxides and volatile organic compounds, and results in the formation of ground-level ozone pollution. Air pollution can trigger asthma attacks, worsen respiratory diseases, and cause heart attacks, strokes, cancer and even premature death. With daily reminders about the devastating impacts of climate change, such as longer and more intense storms, flooding, wildfires and extreme heat, it is imperative that fossil fuel combustion is phased down, not reinforced. A transition to zero-emissions electricity and transportation will deliver the most health and climate benefits.

We believe that health and equity must be centered in any policy adopted to transform and update energy permitting processes. To that end, as the undersigned groups evaluate policies, we will do so with an emphasis on the following principles.

- New energy projects should not be permitted if they will significantly contribute to local air pollution. Oftentimes, energy projects are sited in areas already facing elevated air pollution, and new projects should not increase the burden of pollution.
- Communities that will be most impacted by a proposed project must be heard and they must have a seat at the table early and often. Information about the project – including its approval or denial – should be made publicly available, easily accessible and easy to understand, including in multiple languages when necessary.

- Should an individual or a community want to oppose a granted permit, there should be ample time to file a challenge. Arbitrary changes to shorten statute of limitations, or provisions that default to approval, would leave the concerns of communities unheard.

Unfortunately, policies under consideration as part of discussions about energy permitting include trade-offs that threaten to lock in pollution and uproot longstanding processes of public engagement and judicial review. The undersigned health organizations are deeply concerned about expediting review of projects without adequate environmental and human impact analyses.

Everyone deserves access to clean, healthy air. The ability of the public to engage in decisions involving the air and health in their communities is a pillar of the regulatory process. Prioritizing health and health equity, particularly in communities that are already overburdened by poor air quality, must be the starting point for any discussions of new energy permitting processes.

We urge you to safeguard the health of those who face the greatest burden of air pollution and climate change and heed the principles above as conversations continue.

Sincerely,

Allergy & Asthma Network
 Alliance of Nurses for Healthy Environments
 American Lung Association
 American Public Health Association
 Asthma & Allergy Foundation of America, MidStates Chapter
 Asthma and Allergy Foundation of America
 Carolina Advocates for Climate, Health, and Equity
 Children's Environmental Health Network
 Climate Psychiatry Alliance
 George Mason University Center for Climate Change Communication
 Georgia State Medical Association
 Health Care Without Harm
 Idaho Clinicians for Climate and Health
 Medical Students for a Sustainable Future
 Missouri Chapter of the American Academy of Pediatrics
 Missouri Public Health Association
 Medical Society Consortium on Climate and Health
 National Association of Pediatric Nurse Practitioners
 National Association of Pediatric Nurse Practitioners, San Francisco Bay Area Chapter
 National League for Nursing
 Oncologists United for Climate and Health - International
 Physicians for Social Responsibility
 Physicians for Social Responsibility Maine
 Physicians for Social Responsibility Pennsylvania
 Physicians for Social Responsibility Texas Chapter
 San Francisco Bay Physicians for Social Responsibility
 Vermont Climate and Health Alliance